SEX AND CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)

All Ohioians should stay home and minimize contact with others to reduce the spread of COVID-19.

BUT CAN YOU HAVE SEX?

Here are some tips for how to enjoy sex and to avoid spreading COVID-19.





You can get COVID-19 from a person who has it;

- The virus can spread to people who are within about 6 feet of a person with COVID-19 when that person coughs or sneezes.
- The virus can spread through direct contact with their saliva or mucus.

We still have a lot to learn about COVID-19 and sex;

- COVID-19 has been found in feces of people who are infected with the virus.
- COVID-19 has not yet been found in semen or vaginal fluid.
- We know that other coronaviruses do not efficiently transmit through sex.



- You are your safest sex partner.
 Masturbation will not spread
 COVID-19, especially if you wash your hands (and any sex toys)
 with soap and water for at least 20 seconds before and after sex.
- The next safest partner is someone you live with. Having close contact — including sex — with only a small circle of people helps prevent spreading COVID-19.
- You should avoid close contact

 including sex with anyone
 outside your household. If you do have sex with others, have as few partners as possible.
- If you usually meet your sex partners online or make a living by having sex, consider taking a break from in-person dates. Video dates, sexting or chat rooms may be options for you.



- Kissing can easily pass
 COVID-19. Avoid kissing anyone
 who is not part of your small circle
 of close contacts.
- Rimming (mouth on anus) might spread COVID-19. Virus in feces may enter your mouth.
- Condoms and dental dams can reduce contact with saliva or feces, especially during oral or anal sex.
- Washing up before and after sex is more important than ever.
 - Wash hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
- Wash sex toys with soap and warm water.
- Disinfect keyboards and touch screens that you share with others (for video chat, for watching pornography or for anything else).



- If you or a partner may have COVID-19, avoid sex and especially kissing.
- If you start to feel unwell, you may be about to develop symptoms of COVID-19, which include fever, cough, sore throat or shortness of breath.
- If you or your partner has a medical condition that can lead to more severe COVID-19, you may also want to skip sex.
- Medical conditions include lung disease, heart disease, diabetes, cancer or a weakened immune system (for example, having unsuppressed HIV and a low CD4 count).



- Prevent HIV, other sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and unplanned pregnancy.
- HIV: Condoms, pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) and having an undetectable viral load all help prevent HIV.
- Other STIs: Condoms help prevent other STIs.
- Pregnancy: Make sure you have an effective form of birth control for the coming weeks.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT COVID-19, VISIT **EQUITASHEALTH.COM/CORONAVIRUS-COVID-19-UPDATES**

SOURCE: NEW YORK CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT



